

Homework: T72S01 Session 7: Formulation of the general elasticity problem

Mentor Guide Knowledge & Skills Question

1.10 Explain the role of displacement compatibility in imposing constraints on the strain fields, and hence state or derive a soluble system of linear elastic differential equations for the general case.

Numerical/Algebraic Question

1) In 2D the basic equations are,

$$\text{Equilibrium:} \quad \sigma_{x,x} + \tau_{,y} = 0, \quad \sigma_{y,y} + \tau_{,x} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Hooke's Law:} \quad E\varepsilon_x = \sigma_x - \nu\sigma_y, \quad E\varepsilon_y = \sigma_y - \nu\sigma_x, \quad G\gamma = \tau \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Compatibility:} \quad \varepsilon_{x,yy} + \varepsilon_{y,xx} = 2\varepsilon_{xy,xy} = \gamma_{,xy} \quad (3)$$

$$\text{Definition of Airy function:} \quad \sigma_x = \varphi_{,yy} \quad \sigma_y = \varphi_{,xx} \quad \sigma_{xy} = \tau = -\varphi_{,xy} \quad (4)$$

(a) Show that the equilibrium equations, (1), are a consequence of the existence of an Airy function obeying (4).

(b) By substituting (4) into (2) and then substituting the result into (3), derive the Airy equation,

$$\nabla^4 \varphi = 0 \quad (5)$$

2) Given that Airy's equation in 2D polars is,

$$\left[\partial_r^4 + \frac{2}{r} \partial_r^3 - \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_r^2 + \frac{1}{r^3} \partial_r \right] \varphi = 0 \quad (6)$$

Show by substitution that the general solution is,

$$\varphi = A + Br^2 + C \log r + Dr^2 \log r \quad (7)$$

3) The stresses are given in terms of the Airy function in 2D polar coordinates by

$$\sigma_r = \frac{1}{r^2} \varphi_{,\theta\theta} + \frac{1}{r} \varphi_{,r} \quad \text{and} \quad \sigma_\theta = \varphi_{,rr}$$

$D=0$, show that the hoop and radial stresses in a thick pipe under internal pressure P_i and external pressure P_o are, at an arbitrary radius r ,

$$\sigma_\theta = \frac{P_i R_i^2 - P_o R_o^2}{R_o^2 - R_i^2} + \frac{(P_i - P_o) R_i^2 R_o^2}{(R_o^2 - R_i^2) r^2} \quad \text{and} \quad \sigma_r = \frac{P_i R_i^2 - P_o R_o^2}{R_o^2 - R_i^2} - \frac{(P_i - P_o) R_i^2 R_o^2}{(R_o^2 - R_i^2) r^2}$$

4) By considering problem (3) for zero internal pressure and in the limit of a very large external radius, show that the stress concentration factor for a hole in an infinite plate subject to an equi-biaxial stress is 2.

5) Optional problem (hard!): Show that the Airy function $\text{Im} \left\{ x \log \frac{z-i}{z+i} \right\}$ represents a point load of magnitude 2π in the y -direction.

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